



## NEW HEALTHCARE REQUIREMENTS FOR ENTRY INTO SPAIN FROM 7 JUNE

Thanks to Spain's improving epidemiological situation, and the ongoing vaccination process in Spain and many other countries around the world, there can now be greater flexibility in the restrictions on tourist travel to Spanish territory. The new regulations, which came into force on 7 June, are summarised in this document, with the following major changes: **EU-approved rapid antigen tests and vaccination and recovery certificates are now accepted for travellers arriving from the European Union and European Economic Area countries, and tourist travel is now open to travellers with vaccination certificates arriving from non-EU countries.**

### A. I am travelling to Spain from a European Union (EU) or European Economic Area (EEA) country. What healthcare documents do I need to enter Spain?

Please check the [LIST OF EUROPEAN UNION/EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREACOUNTRIES](#) and [LIST OF THIRD COUNTRIES](#) published by the Ministry of Health and updated every 15 days:

1. If you are arriving from an area included in the list of high-risk EU/EEA countries, you must provide one of the following three certificates (**except for children under 12 years old**):
  - a) Vaccination Certificate: issued by the competent authorities in the country of origin, at least 14 days after the date the final dose of the full vaccination course was administered. Accepted vaccines are those authorised by the European Medicines Agency or those that have completed the World Health Organisation's emergency use listing procedure.

The vaccination certificate must include at least the following information:

    1. Full name of the holder
    2. Date of vaccination, indicating the date of the final dose administered
    3. Type of vaccine administered
    4. Number of doses administered/complete course
    5. Issuing country
    6. Identification of the organisation issuing the vaccination certificate
  - b) Diagnosis Certificate: **a negative PCR or similar test** (NAAT-type test) issued less than 72 hours prior to arrival in Spain, **or a negative antigen test included on the European Commission list of accepted tests** ([https://covid-19-diagnostics.jrc.ec.europa.eu/devices#form\\_content](https://covid-19-diagnostics.jrc.ec.europa.eu/devices#form_content)), issued less than 48 hours before arriving in Spain. The diagnostic test certificate must include at least the following information:



1. Full name of the holder.
  2. Date the test was made.
  3. Type of test performed.
  4. Issuing country.
- c) Certificate of Recovery (proof of having recovered from the disease): issued by the competent authority or by a medical service at least 11 days after the first positive NAAT-type diagnostic test (PCR, TMA, LAMP, or similar). The certificate will no longer be valid 180 days after the date the test sample was taken. This certificate must include at least the following information:
- a. Full name of the holder
  - b. Date the sample was taken for the first positive SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic test
  - c. Type of NAAT test performed
  - d. Issuing country

Any of these three certificates must be written in Spanish, English, French, or German. If the original certificate cannot be obtained in any of these four languages, the document must be accompanied by a certified Spanish translation.

2. If you are arriving from EU/EEA areas not included on the Ministry of Health's [LIST OF EUROPEAN UNION/EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA COUNTRIES](#) and [LIST OF THIRD COUNTRIES](#) you will not be asked to provide any diagnostic test, vaccination certificate, or certificate of immunity.

**B. I am travelling to Spain as a tourist and I live in a country outside the European Union and the European Economic Area. What are my entry requirements?**

You will need to check the [LIST OF EUROPEAN UNION/EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA COUNTRIES](#) [EUROPE](#) and [LIST OF THIRD COUNTRIES](#)) to check:

1. If you are travelling from a country or territory on the list of low-incidence countries outside the high-risk area, **you can travel without the need for diagnostic tests or vaccination or immunity certificates**. Up to 00:00 on 31 July 2021, these countries are the following:
  1. Albania.
  2. Australia.
  3. Israel.



4. Japan.
5. Lebanon.
6. New Zealand.
7. Republic of North Macedonia.
8. Rwanda.
9. Serbia.
10. Singapore.
11. South Korea.
12. Thailand.
13. USA.
14. China. (subject to reciprocity)

II. Special administrative regions of the People's Republic of China:

Hong Kong SAR.

Macao SAR.

III. Entities and territorial authorities not recognised as States by at least one Member State of the European Union.

Taiwan.

2. If you are travelling from a country or territory that is not on the list of exempted countries **people travelling for tourism will be allowed to enter if they have a vaccination certificate** issued by the competent authorities of the country of origin at least 14 days after the date of the last dose required to complete the vaccination course. These people can enter Spain accompanied by minors if they have been vaccinated or are under the age of 12 (only the latter will not be required to present any type of health certificate). Accepted vaccines are those authorised by the European Medicines Agency or those that have completed the World Health Organisation's emergency use listing procedure. At present, these vaccines are those produced by Pfizer-Biontech, Moderna, Astra-Zeneca, Jansen/Johnson&Johnson, Sinovac, and Sinopharm.

The vaccination certificate must include at least the following information:

7. Full name of the holder
8. Date of vaccination, indicating the date of the final dose administered



9. Type of vaccine administered
10. Number of doses administered/complete course
11. Issuing country
12. Identification of the organisation issuing the vaccination certificate

2.1. For the specific case of residents of the **United Kingdom** of Great Britain and Northern Ireland arriving directly from there, apart from a vaccination certificate, they may enter our country for non-essential reasons with a negative NAAT test certificate (PCR, TMA, LAMP and similar) issued within 72 prior to their arrival in Spain. **Antigen tests will not be accepted.**

#### **C. What documents/forms do I need to fill in?**

Whichever country you are arriving from, **all passengers arriving in Spain by air or sea, including passengers making flight transfers and children under 12, before they start their journey, must fill in the health control form on the website [www.spth.gob.es](http://www.spth.gob.es) or on the Spain Travel Health app.** Filling in the form will generate a personalised QR code that the traveller must show the transport companies **before boarding, and show at the health control points when entering Spain.**

#### **D. What are the health monitoring measures on arrival?**

These include at least taking passengers' temperature using non-contact thermometers or thermographic cameras, plus checking their documents, and visually assessing their health. Passengers with an EU Digital COVID Certificate, and passengers from countries considered to be low-risk (both European and third countries) will obtain a FAST CONTROL QR code, which will speed up entry as they will not have to show a certificate when boarding or at the health control point on arrival.

If a passenger is suspected or confirmed to be infected with COVID-19, this will trigger established protocols, alerting the healthcare services of the Autonomous Region in question for referral and monitoring.

#### **E. What happens if I am entering Spain as a passenger on an international cruise ship?**

Passengers on international cruise ships in Spain's territorial waters should not use the Spain Travel Health app. Their information must be given on the EU Digital Passenger Locator Form web app, available at the following link: <https://www.healthygateways.eu/>.

#### **F. What if I am entering Spain via a land border?**



MINISTERIO  
DE INDUSTRIA, COMERCIO  
Y TURISMO

NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF  
TOURISM

All people over the age of 12 arriving in Spain by land from high-risk countries or areas must have one of the vaccination, diagnostic test or recovery certificates specified in the first section of this document.

High risk areas are understood to be all those areas of France classified by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control with a risk level of dark red, red, orange or grey.